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Scrotal abscess misdiagnosed as cavernous hematoma: Case report 阴囊内脓肿误诊为海绵体血肿 1例

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[关键词] 阴囊;脓肿;海绵体;血肿;误诊

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图1 右侧阴囊根部不均质低回声
脓肿引流后囊腔

图2 能量图显示无明显血流信号

图3 海绵体背侧回声失落,缺口约5.6 mm

图4 阴囊

患者男,81岁,右侧阴囊红肿1周就诊。尿常规检查:白细胞十十,红细胞十十,白细胞镜检50~60个/HP。血常规检查:白细胞 $14.9 \times 10^9/L$,中性粒细胞79.8%。超声检查:双侧睾丸大小形态正常,右侧阴囊根部见低回声(图1),大小65 mm×41 mm×42 mm,边界清晰,回声不均匀,与阴茎海绵体紧密相连,未见明显血流信号(图2),右侧阴茎海绵体似见回声中断(图3)。超声诊断:右侧阴囊根部异常包块,考虑血肿(右侧阴茎海绵体折断可能)。CT检查:阴茎及阴囊皮下间隙

内有积液,局部囊性灶,似位于阴囊外,感染性病变?外科入院后行阴囊切开探查术,手术见阴囊内脓性包块,脓腔破溃有缺口(图4)。

讨论 阴囊脓肿较少见,好发于老年人,尤其伴糖尿病者,多由细菌感染所致。脓液稀少时超声表现为无回声区,脓液黏稠厚时呈低回声,如有坏死组织时常伴杂乱高回声。本例患者双侧睾丸、附睾大小形态正常,基本排除睾丸、附睾来源疾病。患者血常规、尿常规均提示炎症,说明感染病灶存在,该病例阴囊内脓肿形成,脓腔破溃有缺口,超声检查疑为阴茎海绵体回声中断,故误诊为海绵体折断,血肿形成。阴囊血肿一般有外伤史,可伴有皮肤红肿、淤血等表现。此外,该病还需与睾丸鞘膜积液鉴别,睾丸鞘膜积液表现为清晰无回声区,实验室检查常无炎症表现。

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